Slingsby County Primary School - LONG TERM PLANNING
Cycle B - Class Three (Year 4/5/6) 2017-2018

			- Class Three (Year 4/	• •				
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Theme –	The Ancient Greeks:		The Mayan Civilization:		Roman Empire and its in			
History						depth local history study:		
Geography	Ancient Greece – a study	y of Greek life and	Study of a non-European	= =	-Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54 BC:			
deography	achievements and their influence on the		contrasts with British history –Mayan civilization c.		-The Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of			
	western world:		AD 900:		its army;			
	-Gods and goddesses;		-Religion;		-Successful invasion by Claudius and conquest,			
	-Myths & legends;		-Cities and culture;		including Hadrian's Wall; -British resistance (Boudica); -'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as			
	-Inventions;		-Art;					
	-Philosophy;		= -	to modern techniques of				
-Art and culture.			building.		Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture			
					and beliefs, including ea	irly Christianity.		
	Euro locations and comp	arison of geographical	N 11 /6 11 A 1		- / ^ 6 :	5		
		<u>features and climate</u> : -Locate the world's countries, using maps to		udy of geographical	Euro / African Location (Roman Empire): geographical features, locational knowledge,			
		itries, using maps to		over time (human + natural)	mapping. Founding of Londinium -Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom;			
	focus on Europe;	al similarities and	Christopher Columbus (Ex					
	-Understand geographic differences.	ai similarities and	-Location of South Americ environmental regions, ke	•				
	differences.		characteristics, countries,					
			-Identify the position and		-Human geography, including: types of			
				_				
			longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night).		including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water			
				3 17 1 3 17	America week:			
			Commonwealth Games D	av		America, concentrating		
				_	on their environmental			
						ics, countries, and major		
					cities;			
					-Identify the position ar	d significance of latitude		
					longitude, Equator, Nor	thern Hemisphere,		
					Southern Hemisphere, 1	he Tropics of Cancer and		
					Capricorn, Arctic and Ar	ntarctic Circle, the		
					Prime/Greenwich Meric			
					(including day and night	:).		
					World Cup Day			

English Fiction N Fiction Poetry	Myths & Legends (fiction Yr4)  Non-chronological reports(non-fiction Yr4)  Poetry by Heart (Yr4)	Drama: Shakespeare (fiction Yr5/6a)  Persuasive writing (nonfiction Y5/6b)  Freeform poetry (Yr5/6b)	Fairy Stories & Play-scripts (fiction Yr4)  Non-chronological reports & journalistic writing (nonfiction Yr5/6b)  Debate poetry and poetry that tells a story (Yr5/6a)	Classic Novels (fiction Y5/6a) Instructions & explanations (non-fiction Yr4) Narrative poems (Yr5/6b)	Mystery/Suspense stories (fiction Y5/6)  Information texts (nonfiction Yr4)  Poems to perform (Yr4)	Classic fiction (fiction Y5/6b)  Chronological reports (non-fiction Yr5/6)  Nonsense poetry (Yr4)
Maths	ABC 1	CDE1	ABC 2	CDE 2	ABC 3	CDE 3
Science	Year 5 Forces *Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object; *Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction; *That act between moving surfaces; *Recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.		Year 4 Electricity *Identify common appliances that run on electricity; *Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers: *Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery; *Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit; *Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.	Year 6 Electricity  *Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit;  *Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches;  *Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.	Year 4/5 Living things and to *Recognise that living things variety of ways; *Explore and use classificate identify and name a variety local and wider environment and this can sometimes pose do the secribe the differences in mammal, an amphibian, and *Describe the life process of plants and animals.	ion keys to help group, of living things in their nt; ents can change and that angers to living things. In the life cycles of a insect and a bird; of reproduction in some
ICT	Search engines and word Processing skills.  Communicating with	Search engines and word Processing skills.  Giving Instructions:	Making Games & Activities:  Coding. Scratch.  Control technology	Powerpoint Presentations & presenting to an audience.	Branch diagrams & Classification. Clickcharts Diagram and Flowchart software for Windows.	Stop Motion Animation:  MonkeyJam.
	audiences: Using email.	Coding (Jam Sandwich).  My Robot Friends.	Coding		Questioning & Sorting Data. Powerpoint.	

Art/ DT	Moving Toys (Cams, levers & linkages, and creating movement)(DT) Hindu God paintings Art Assessment: Obs' drawing - flowers	Greek urns and plates (ceramics) Christmas cards & calendars	Mayan symbols – link to the modern artist Keith Haring (collage and printing) Scarecrow sculpture (linked to Greek myths)	Fairground rides or controllable vehicles (structures, electricity and control technology)(DT)	Slippers/sandals (Sewing & fabric work)(DT)	Mosaics
R.E.	What makes Jesus an inspiration to some people? Hinduism (Divali)	Christmas – Peace: Yr 5	Sacred Places – Yr 5 & 6	Resurrection & Salvation – Yr 6	Respect & Tolerance Sikhism	Questions for God
PE	Basic movements: Dance	Ball Games	Gymnastics	Invasion games	Field games & Swimming	Athletics
PSHCE Using the units from SEAL	New beginnings	Changes – anti bullying week	Going for goals	Good to be me	Relationships	Cyber Safety

	NY Scheme for Music:	NY Scheme for Music:	NY Scheme for Music: Unit	NY Scheme for Music: Unit	NY Scheme for Music:	NY Scheme for Music:
	Unit 1 -Pulse (Yr5/6)	Unit 2-Pitch (Yr5/6)	3 - Rhythm (Yr5/6)	4 - Structure (Yr5/6)	Unit 5 - Mood (Yr5/6)	Unit 6 – Musical
	-Sing a song in tune	-Sing a part by ear.	-Perform a part in time	-Improvise a short melody.	-Perform from a graphic	Elements (Yr5/6)
	keeping a steady pulse.	-Talk about different	within a class piece, showing	-Identify and talk about	score.	-Talk about different
	-Perform a part in time	types of music and	awareness of other parts.	good things in	-Notate music as a	types of music and
	within the class piece	compare them using	-Perform from simple	performance/composition	graphic score.	compare different types
	showing awareness of the	musical vocabulary.	notation/more complex	and how to improve them.	-Talk about the different	of music using musical
	other parts.	-Perform songs from	notation.	-To analyse and identify	effects being created to	vocabulary.
	-Identify what is	memory.	-To identify what is	different structures.	show the composer's	-To analyse and compare
	happening in a piece of	-Identify a role within the	happening in a piece of	-Begin to compose a song	intention.	features in different
	music and to develop	performance e.g. singing	music.	with verse and chorus.	-Identify what is	pieces of music
	knowledge and	a solo part.	-To compose and perform a	-Notate chords using	happening in the music,	developing an
	understanding of musical	-Identify and talk about	rap.	symbols to accompany a	analysing and comparing	understanding of the
	theatre.	good things in	-Identify and talk about	song.	features in different	history of music.
	-Use musical language	performances and how to	good things in	-Compose and perform a	pieces of programme	-Compose music using
music	accurately.	improve them.	performance/composition	song with verse and chorus.	music/film music.	appropriate musical
music	-Make up musical	-Identify a role within the	and how to improve them.	-Analyse and compare	Compose programme	devices.
	patterns using rhythm	performance e.g. leading	-Identify what is happening	features in a pop song.	music and to notate as a	-Identify an individual's
	and pitch.	others.	in a piece of music.	-Perform from staff	graphic score.	role within composition
	-Identify and talk about		-Talk about different types	notation.	-Talk about the purpose	and performance.
	good things in	Christmas production	of music and compare them	-Analyse and compare	music is written for and	-Develop ideas when
	performances and how to		using musical vocabulary.	features in Samba, rap, pop,	the way that this affects	creating composition
	improve them.		-Perform a complex	rock n roll and blues music.	the way music is created	work.
			rhythmic chant from		and performed.	- Use a variety of
			memory.	Easter production		notations when writing
						down a group
						composition.
						-Talk confidently about
						music, accuracy
						identifying features.
	V 411 72 7	V 611 11 40 1		<u> </u>	V 611 11 22 A 61	Year 6 Leaver's Service
	Year 4 Unit 7: Les	Year 6 Unit 19: Les	Year 4 Unit 9: Les animaux	Year 4 Unit 11: Je suis le	Year 6 Unit 22: Au café	Year 6 Unit 24:
	monstres (Body Parts)	portraits (Facial Features)	(Animals)	musician (Music)	(Drinks & snacks)	Destinations (Euro
5 li	, Bassiaian of mumbers 10	. Basisian of mumbers	. Bassiaian of musebour 30	. Bassiaian of numbers 30 CO	. Davisian of numbers	countries/capitals)
French	+ Revision of numbers 10-	+ Revision of numbers	+ Revision of numbers 20-	+ Revision of numbers 20-69;	+ Revision of numbers	+ Revision of numbers
	20; Alphabet; Classroom	10-20; Alphabet;	69; Alphabet; Classroom	Alphabet; Classroom	69-100; Alphabet;	69-100; Alphabet;
	language.	Classroom language.	language.	language.	Classroom language.	Classroom language.